THE ALBANY LAWMAKERS.

SENATOR GRADY SNEERS AT SPAN-ISH-AMERICAN WAR VETERANS.

The Bill Repealing the Horton Law Likely to Pass Without a Word Said in Opposi-

tion—Bill Appropriating \$60,600,000 for Improving the Canals to Be Introduced. ALBANY, Feb. 15. - Senator Grady to-day paid his respects to the veterans of the Spanish-American War in a manner which quite surprised his colleagues. When Senator George A. Davis's bill allowing veterans of that war to be received as inmates of the State Soldiers' Homeat Bath came up for final passage in the Senate, Senator Grady criticised the measure.

"I hope we shall not lose any of the glory." he said, "that has come from the Spanish-American War. But a man who will never rank as a veteran except as a veteran of that war, is not apt to wear many medals in the public estimation. Compared with wars that we have had it was a skirmish. and if a Home is to be established for Spanish-American War veterans, let it be a separate and distinct Home. It would have to be a big one and involves much expense. Such a Home should be located where these veterans could rest the remainder of their lives in serene peace. We are running this veteran business pretty far. I have no objection to the bill. It will do the Spanish-American War veterans good to go up to Bath and hear the old veterans tell them what war really is."

Senator Raines opposed the bill, declaring that the Bath home was already overcrowded

The bill was finally laid aside. Senator Grady made another attack to-day upon Assemblyman McEwan's bill adding the Chicago and Alton to the list of railroads in whose first mortgage bonds the savings banks of this State may invest. When the bill came up in the Committee of the Whole, Senator spring and had seen him fully a dozen times, Grady wanted to amend the bill so as to open the door to all railroads which could meet the requirements of the law. The amendment was defeated by a vote of 20 to 13, and the bill was ordered to third reading.

ordered to third reading.

Mr. Green endeavored to have Senator Brown's bill codifying the Forest, Fish and Game laws, which was reported favorably by the Assembly Fish and Game Committee, recommitted to the special committee to consider the statutory revision bills. He attacked Brown measure as having provisions that

mitted to the special committee to consider the statutory revision bills. He attacked Brown measure as having provisions that permitted rich men to take advantage of the private forest preserve law and that by stleking up a sign that it is a private park they could arrest any one for treepassing. Mr. Green had two amendments that he wished adouted, one of which requires a fence around private preserves and the other provides that where private streams are stocked by the State, the same shall be onen to the public. Mr. Davis defended the bill and said that Mr. Green's objections were without foundation. Mr. Green's motion to recommit was lost.

Mr. Merton E. Lewis's bill to repeal the Horton law will appear on the Assembly colendar of third reading bills on Friday, but its doubtful if it will be considered on the order of final passage before Monday night. The Assembly Committee on Revision reported it favorably to-day, and to-morrow the Engrossing Committee will make a favorable report. It can be taken up on Friday, but as so many members are absent from the short seesion that day, Mr. Lawis will likely consent to lay it aside until Monday night. It will be taken up and passed probably without a word said in opposition, the members opposed to it contenting themselves with simply being recorded in opposition, the members opposed to it contenting themselves with simply being recorded in opposition.

Since the receipt of the report of the Frencis with simply being recorded in opposition, the members opposed to it contenting themselves with simply being recorded in opposition. Since the receipt of the renort of the recommendations of the report of the freeding of the proposition of the report and the recommendations of the committee, having the simple that the report and the recommendations of the committee, and the recommendations of the committee, and the recommendations of the committee of the committee, and the receipt of the report of the freeding the said that the resonance of the proposition of the propositi seen Col. Shepherd agones members of the Hull has been anxious to frame a bill carrying out the recommendations of the committee and personally has been in favor of the recommendation for an appropriation of \$90,000,000. The committee, however, has encounted a secondary in the constitutionality of any bill that they might draw imposing the tax for the appropriation only on the counties which revenue the constitutionality of any bill that they might draw imposing the tax for the appropriation only on the counties which revenue the constitutionality of any bill that they might draw in the constitutional that they might draw in the constitution of the appropriation, and it is thought likely that the bill that will be Introduced within a few days will so provide. The bill will provide for an appropriation, and it is thought likely that the bill that will be Introduced within a few days will so provide. The bill will provide for an appropriation one soft the commission and require a 12-toot waterway with a 10-toot drawing for 1.00-too barges and the bill that changes the law of the bill that the provide of an appropriation of the might decided to such a single search of the bill that changes the law in the period for which the more providing for a tax of five mills on all mortrages fails to pass and this measure receives have a such as the first of the period for which the more providing to a tax of five mills on all mortrages fails to pass and this measure receives have the first of the committee to the first of the period for which the more providing to a tax of five mills on all mortrages fails to pass and this measure receives have a such as the period for which the more providing to a tax of five mills on all mortrage

the provisions of the White law or to rules ostablished therounder.

Mr. DeGraw to-day introduced in the Assembly a bill permitting James P. Sloane, Charles L. Sicardi, James R. Sparrow, Henry C. Wright, George H. Rowe, William S. Miller, John W. Fraser, Charles R. Query, George W. Payntar, Henry Velweiler, Frederick E. Brandis, John S. Oliver and John S. Oglivie to organize a trust company in the borough of Brooklyn, to carry on a general trust business.

The capital stock of the company is to be \$150.000, providing its main office is not located within a mile of the Borough Hall of Brooklyn, nor within a mile of the office of another trust company, but if it is the capital stock must be \$500,000.

Assemblyman Joseph K. Adams has intro-

Soupony, but it it is the capital stock must be \$500,000.

Assemblyman Joseph K. Adams has introduced a bill that will compel the ferry lines plying between the boroughs of Manhattan and Brooklyn, and the boroughs of Manhattan and Queens, to carry bleyeles free.

Mr. E. C. Brennan's bill, providing for the appointment by the Governor of a State board of barber's examiners and the iteensing of barbers, has been favorably reported by the Assembly Cittles Committee, with an amendment that all applicants for licenses must be examdned within thirty days from the time of the receipt of the application.

Senator Elsberg's bill giving the State In-

dued within thirty days from the time of the receipt of the application.

Senator Elsberg's bill giving the State Inspector of Gas Meters exclusive jurisdiction regarding the inspection of gas meters in New York city was reported favorably in the Senate to-day and ordered to a third reading.

Senator Ford to-day succeeded in having the Benate Cities Committee report favorably his bill limiting the hours of drug clerks in New York city to twelve hours a day, or not exceeding 136 hours in every two weeks. The hours shall be so arranged that they shall get one full day off in that period.

Another bill reported favorably was Senator Ford's measure providing that municipal court Justices in New York city must not allow any one but regularly appointed marshals to serve animons issuing out of such courts.

Senator Ford's bill extending the life of the commission appointed to establish Silver Lake Park, Staten Island, and Senator Plunkitt's bill appropriating \$350,000 for additions to the buildings of the American Museum of Natural History in New York city and for equipping the same were ordered to a third reading in the Senate to-day.

The Senate passed these bills:

he Senate passed these bills: Senator Thornton's, reducing from three to two
years the time within which actions for malpractice
must be commenced.

Benator Brown's, providing that Supreme Court

day. No Cure, No Pay. Price 250, —4dx.

Justice may issue an injunction order, whether he is of the opinion such action may prevent irremedial injury.

Senator Brackett's, to establish of record the release of rents reserved by leases in fee.

Benator D. F. Davis, changing the qualifications
for electors and trustees of the Methodist Episcopal
churches in Brooklyn and Queens boroughs.

Senator Ford's, amending the law incorporating
the New York Realty. Bond, Exchange and Trust

The Assembly passed these bills:

These other bills were introduced:

Senator Ambier and Assemblyman Litchard to-day introduced the bill agreed upon by those directly interested which places the State Commissioner of Arriculture in charge of the New York State Agricultural Society's fair grounds at Syacuse, and provides that he shall supervise the holding of the annual State fair on those grounds.

SONGS AT SOLDIERS HOME.

"My Old Kentucky Home" and "Old Black

Joe" Sung From the Chapel Song Book.

ALBANY, Feb. 14.-At to-day's session of the

ommittee of the State Board of Charities in-

vestigating the charges of mismanagement of

the Bath Soldiers' Home, F. H. Green of Can-istee, a newspaper correspondent, testified

spring and had seen him fully a dozen times,

but had never known him to be under the in-

Assemblyman Patrick F. Trainor, who was a

member of the Legislative Committee which

visited and inspected the Home in 1898, then

on those grounds.

fluence of liquor.

York city to expend \$200,000 for equipping and furnishing the east extension of the Metropolitan Museum of Art Building in Central Park, New York city. Stops the Cough and works off the Cold.

ALBANY, Feb. 14. - The Assembly Public Health Committee to-day listened to arguments on Dr. Henry's bill providing for shorter

hours for New York city drug clerks and amend-

ing the powers of the Board of Pharmacy Ex-

aminers by permitting them to appoint four

inspectors to see that the pharmacy laws are enforced. Former Assemblyman Robert Mazet.

enforced. Former Assemblyman Robert Mazet, representing the drug clerks and pharmaceutical associations, and Dr. William Muir and President William Deitz of the Pharmaceutical Association appeared in favor of the bill. Assemblyman Maher, who has a similar bill before the same committee and who created a scene at the hearing a week ago, alone opposed Dr. Henry's bill. Mr. Maher wanted the four inspectors to be divided equally in regard to political parties. It was discovered that if inspectors were to be appointed to enforce the labor laws in regard to drug clerks it would come under the Factory Inspectors' jariadiction, and the bill was amended giving the Factory Inspectors. As amended the bill will be favorably reported to the Assembly to-morrow.

Legislature May Adjourn by March 23.

ALBANY, Feb. 14 .- It is altogether likely that

the Legislature will be able to complete its

work so as to adjourn by March 23. While the

session may extend over into the following

session may extend over into the blowing week, if circumstances should warrant it the leading Republican members of the Legislature believe that the work of the present session can be completed by the date named. For the first time in many years each house now completes the consideration of its calendar daily without any exertion whatever.

Signed by the Governor.

ALBANT, Feb. 14.-Gov. Boosevelt to-day

signed Senator Elsberg's bill authorizing New

MILLIONS OF BACK WAGES. COMPTROLLER OBJECTS TO WHALEN

\$700,000 in "Prevailing Rate" Claims Filed in the First Fourteen Days of February-\$308 000 Paid Out So Far Mostly Without The Assembly passed these bills:

Mr. Fallows's, requiring all causes in trial courts in
New York city to be tried in the order in which they
appear on the calendar.

Mr. Stater's, permitting representatives of the
Women's Prison Association to visit any institutions
in which women are confined.

Mr. Wilson's, placing the fees in the municipal
court of New York city at \$1 when a tury trial is not
demanded, \$4 where a trial by a jury of six is demanded, and at \$7 when tried by a jury of 12.

These other bills were introduced: a Contest-Attorneys Get 25 Per Cent.

CONFESSING JUDGMENT.

Comptroller Coler made public yesterday a statement showing how the city treasury is depleted by the claims made under the "prevailng rate of wages" rule, under which any employee of the municipality whose wages have been less than those fixed by trades unions has been enabled to claim and collect the differ-These other bills were introduced:

Senator Mitchell, extending until July 1, 1203, the time within which the commission appointed to award damages caused by the depression of railroad tracks in the Twenty-third and Twenty fourth wards must file its report.

Senator Mitchell, authorizing New York city to expend \$300,000 in improving that portion of Bronx Park allotted to the New York Zoological Society when the society has raised or expended \$200,000 for similar purposes.

Senator Coffey-Making it possible for a commissioner of deeds in New York city to take acknowledgments and administer oaths in any part of the city. ence. Since the first of this month of February claims to the amount of \$700,114 have been made under this rule, and the total from Jan. . 1899 to date is \$2,432,056. The Comptroller does not allow the claims, but when suit is brought against the city the Corporation Counsel makes no defense and the claimants get judgment by default. Mr. Coler has a bill at Albany designed to limit the Corporation Counsel's power to confess judgments, and he believes that many of the suits could be defended successfully. The following table

hows the claims filed norths:	since Jan. 1. 1800, by
1899. anuary \$56,247 obruary 43,907 larch 31,154 pril 26,170 lay 34,368 lane 45,893	1899. \$224,500 November. #8,985 December. 414,765 1900. January. 264,417 February. 700,114
nly 113,400 ugust 215,442 eptember 167,624	Total\$2,432,056

judgments, the city in most cases making no defence. Mr. Coler is anxious to have all the claims investigated with great care, believing that in many cases they are unjust and in some fraudulent. An interesting sidelight is thrown on the claims by the following letter which has reached the Comptroller: MRS, J. B. MORRISON-Dear Madam: In reply to

your letter asking for information about the back pay due Mr. Morrison. He went on the Bridge about March 13, 1896; the time would be about 667 days. The time he was paid \$75 per month he would be entitled to \$1 per day extra and the time he was paid \$88 per month about 75 cents per day. The difference between the amount paid and the prevailing rate of \$8.50 per day, or \$1,277.50 per year, will amount to over \$500.

All the engineers in the Bridge and Park Depart-

ments employed Thomas W. Burke of 200 Broadway (Stewart Building) to get their money; he has charged 25 per cent, and they have all gaid it. It seems a good price for the work done. as the cases go by default and are not contested by the Corporation Counsel, but they all charge it.

the defendant on Dec. 22.1895, by the Rev. John Randolph of the Deutsche Evangelische Kirche on Garden street, Hoboken, and that he subsequently went to England, where he lived for three years. On his return he found his wife living with Brooks. The woman said she went to Hoboken with Paynter for the purpose of being betrothed to him. She never consented to a marriage ceremony and subsequently began an action to annul the marriage, but discontinued it because she believed Paynter was dead. There was one child by the last marriage, and Justice Smith held that it was legitimate.

BEST&CO

If a Child's Shoe Doesn't Fit

It certainly isn't right. Every child's foot cannot be fitted properly from an ordinary stock. For this reason we carry many extra sizes, made expressly for the Children's Store, on our own lasts, and can guarantee a perfect fit, as well as a first-class shoe in every instance. And they are not expensive eitner.

> "School Shees" button or lace, calf fored, heavy extension solid leather soles, spring heels—the best shee that can be made for the purpose. Sizes 8 to 1014, \$2,25-11 to 2, \$3.75. "The Best Last"—A hand-sewed shoe of heavy dongola, patent leather tips, and wide extension soles.

Sizes 8 to 10%, \$2,50-11 to 2, \$3.25. Boys' and youths' heel shoes, calf. \$2.50 to \$3.00, according to size. Patent leather button, with kid or cloth tops. For boys or girls.

\$2.35 to \$3.25, according to size. We have also remedial shoes for bow-legs, knock-knees, weak ankles, and toe-in children-effective and inexpensive.

60-62 West 23d St.

CONTEST OF GEN. TORRENCE'S WILL. Alleged Son Says His Father Once Served

Gov. Todd in a Menial Capacity. CHICAGO, Feb. 14.-The first testimony on behalf of David Tod Torrence, alleged son of the late Gen. Joseph T. Torrence, who seeks to break his father's will and by so doing to become entitled to one-half of the great estate left by the testator, was given before Judge Dunne this afternoon. The son's version of the family history of the late General dates back to the beginning of the Civil War when the General lived in Youngstown, Ohio. Shortly before the war he married a young woman who had been the sweetheart of his schoolboy days. He en-listed in one of the first regiments that went to the front. He was severely injured before the war was a year old, and returned home broken in health.

war was a year old, and returned home broken in health.

Some years thereafter Gen. Torrence moved to Columbus, O., and entered the employ of David Tod, then Governor of Ohio. His labors are said to have been of a menial character, and at one time he is said to have acted in the capacity of coachman of the Ohio Governor. Mrs. Torrence, his first wife, was also in the employ of the Governor's houshold in the capacity of cook. It was while his parents were employed as servants of Gov. Torrence that the son says he was born and named David Tod Torrence, in honor of his parents' patron.

After their return to Youngstown from Columbus domestic infelicity came into the Torrence household and husband and wife soparated. Mrs. Torrence, it is alleged, suffered neglect from her husband, and the home was broken up. The General secured a divorce on the grounds of desertion and came to Chicago. The son was left with his mother, who, with an aunt, succeeded in making a scanty living.

Gen. Torrence amassed wealth in Chicago, leaving at the time of his death an estate valued at several millions to a daughter by a second marriage. The son maintains that his father was insane and incapable of making a will, and argues as an instance of his insanity the purchase by the General of an \$1,100 mink overcoat in New York shortly before his death.

Jerseyman Arrested for Expectorating in a

Street Car-But Not Punished. Like New York, Bayonne, N. J., puts up plaeards in its street cars warning all and asserting that it is a violation of the Board of Health ordinances to spit upon the floor. Like the New Yorker, the Jerseyman spits whither he listeth, and no man sayeth him nay. But on Tuesday one Samuel Ajak of Bayonne spat upon the floor of a car under the charge of a conscientious and care-taking conductor, No. 401, and gained thereby the distinction of being the first person to be haled before the bar of Jersey justice for undiscriminating expec-

All the same as the control of the same of Ignorance of the law, which excuses no man, is backed up in the case of Ajak by ignorance of the language in which the law is expressed. He is a Polish laborer, 40 years old,

delegates were about to be accepted when the representatives of the Bakers union made objection on the ground that neither the pie bakers nor pie wagon drivers would agree to you the Journeymen Bakers' International Union. Delegate Hoffman said that his organization wanted the International Union to Belgate Hoffman said that his organization wanted the International Union to make sood a showing as possible and that the pie men ought to join it even if it meant extra dues. He would not by saying that the bread and cake bakers' and confectioners' organizations would resign if the constructors and deliverors of pie were allowed to be represented. He carried his point and they were not admitted. The two unions will repeal to the C. F. U. on Sunday.

Told a Story of Shipwreck.

Greenwich. Coan. Feb. 14—Two men applied to John Farewell, who lives on an island in Byram Harbor, yesterday afternoon for assistance in getting word to New York to have a tug sent here. They said they were on a schooner which had been blown in on the night before, and after working all day they had not succeeded in getting her off and needed help. The eargo they said consisted of empty barreis bound from Boston to the Wallabout Market. They didn't give the name of the vessel or its owner.

Sir Thomas Lipton Entertains Americans. Emil L. Boas, General Manager of the Hamburg-American line at New York, received a despatch from Nice yesterday telling of the arrival there of the steamship Auguste Victoria, which left this port on Jan. 26 on an Oriental cruise. Capt. Kampfi telegraphed that Sir Thomas Lipton, who is at Nice, javited the American gecursionists abourd his steam yach, the Erin, and entertained them. Later Sir Thomas came aboard the Auguste Victoria and dook lunch with his Yankee and German friends. toria, which left this port on Jan. 26 on an Oriental cruise. Capt Kampff telegraphed that Sir Thomas Lipton, who is at Nice, invited the American excursionists aboard his steam yacht, the Erin, and entertained them. Later Sir Thomas came aboard the Auguste Victoria and took lunch with his Yankee and German friends.

It was slightly colder with fair weather in all the Atlantic States restorday. Snow was failing in Colo-rado, Nebraska, Ransas, Iowa, Missouri, Illinois, northern Pennsylvania and northern Ohio and rain in northern Texas and Arkansas. The disagreeable conditions were caused by the development of a storm over Texas and Oklahoma, which is likely to increase in energy and move northeastward. It remained cold yesterday throughout the Northwest States and in the upper Mississippi and Missouri vallers, where the temperature ranged from zero

to 24 degrees below. In this city the day was fair and slightly colder in the morning; wind northwesterly, average velocity twenty miles an hour; average humidity 67 per cent.; barometer corrected to read to sea level at 8 A. M. 30.22, 3 P. M. 30.17. The temperature as recorded by the official ther-

mometer, and also by Tas Sun's thermometer at the street level, is shown in the annexed table: | Color | Colo

WASHINGTON FORECAST FOR TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW. For New England increasing cloudiness to-day rain or snow Friday; variable winds shifting to east.
For the District of Columbia, eastern Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware and Maryland, increasing cloudiness to-day; rain or snow and colder Friday; winds shifting to fresh east. For eastern New York, increasing cloudiness to-day;

rain or snow to-night and Priday; colder Priday; winds Airting to fresheast. For western Pennsylvania and western New York, rain or snow to-day; clearing and colder to-night; Friday fair and colder; fresh to brisk east to north-

circular to their fellow-unionists outlining the situation from their standpoint. A haif million copies are being printed in several languages and distribution will be begun to-morrow. AN INTERNATIONAL STRIKE CHICAGO BUILDING TRADES ASSUME

NOW READY.

Americans visiting Europe can obtain KNOX HATS from the European Agencies:
LONDON: Preedy & Co., 12A Regent Street, near Pall Mall. PARIS: A. Gelot, 13 Rue de la Palz.

Also on sale by GABRIEL RAMENTOL & CO., 32 Oblspo Street, Havana, Cuba.

class of workmanship. Sold by the representative hatters in every city in the United States and Canada.

AN AIR OF DEFIANCE.

ing Trades Council and pledged itself to stand

by the union men now locked out or on strike.

The Knox Hats are approved by gentlemen desiring unquestionably correct style, superior quality and the highest

SPRING STYLES

TRADE

Representatives of building trades unions They Capture the Independent Council by a Trick and Then Decide to Stop All Building by Chicago Contractors in the United States, Canada and Mexico. CHICAGO, Feb. 14. - The Independent Brotherhood Building Trades Council, upon which the contractors depended to break the strike, to-day allied itself with the old Build-

Representatives of building trades unions, who were seen last night by a SUN reporter, said they had never heard of such an organization as the Independent Brotherhood of Carpenters and Builders or Trades Council. No such organization existed, they believed unless it was some small local union. John S. Henry, Secretary of the Board of Walking Delegates, said:

"We have not even received any official notice of a strike in Chicago, though the Board of Walking Delegates held a meeting this afternoon, and the Building Trades section of the Central Federated Union met to-night. I don't believe any international strike is contemplated or would be possible at the present time in the building trades. The only national union of carpenters, with branches throughout the whole country, is the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners. Whatever the carpenters might do in case an international strike was called for I do not know, but I am sure the other trades would not quit work here on such a call, and I believe the carpenters would not go out either, though they might give the Chicago strikers any moral or financial support they could."

Oncens School Board Elects New President. Commissioner Patrick J. White of Long Island City was elected President of the School Board of the borough of Queens at the annual meeting resterday to succeed F. De Hass Simonson. President White resides at Blissville and was formerly connected with the Long Island City Board of Education and was President of the Common Council in that city. Commissioner John S. Power of Woodside was elected Vice-President.

The Heinebund Masquerade Ball To-night. The Heinebund, one of the oldest singing societies in this city, will hold its annual would make such a movement, and while they might aid the unions in their fight here by contributing men, they would consider the matter more fully before quitting work. No, it is simply another wild-eyed scare on the part of the after unions.

The unions to-night have prepared a long the early part of the evening.

\$18,300 FOR A MEISSONIER

THE PRICE PAID FOR "L'AUMONE" AT HILTON SALES

Eighty-seven Paintings Disposed Of Last Evening for a Total of \$62,250—Jacque's "Sheep in the Woods" Brings \$7,500 -The Afternoon Sale of Bric-a-brac. Eighty-seven paintings of the collection nade by the late Hanry Hilton were sold at was the second and last evening's sale of Judge

Chickering Hall last evening for \$63,250. It Hilton's pictures, conducted by Thomas E. Kirby as auctioneer for the American Art Asso-

F. Eno.

'Traissure Room of Baron Rethschild,' V.
Capobian-hi kdward Weston
'On the Setne,' K. P. Daubigny; R. C. Vose,
'Tomb of Punlippe Pet,' C. E. De Beaumont,
'Christmas Time,' Bruck-Lajos: George J.

"Tomb of Philippe Pot, C. E. De Beaumont. 500
"Christmas Time." Bruck-Lajos: George J.
Seabury 500
"L' Aumönd." J. L. F. Meissonier: J. W. Gates, 18,300
"Formait of Meissonier by Himself." J. L. E.
Meissonier: J. W. Gates. 1,700
"Bond of a Young oirl." J. G. Jacquet. 1,100
"Bind Man's Buc. C. Bauguet. M. F.
Bernheimer. 670
"The Little Sufferer. W. A. Beugueroan Mrs.
Charles Boughton Wood.
"C. adolenees." J. Beraud. 475
"Sheep in the Woods." C. Jacque. 7,800
"C. adolenees." J. Beraud. 575
"Charles Boughton Wood. 7,800
"C. adolenees." J. Beraud. 575
"The Cardinal's Reception." Don Luis Alvaraz. Edward Weston. 575
"The Cardinal's Reception." Don Luis Alvaraz. Edward Weston. 500
"Overlooking the Bosphorons." F. Zeim.
"Aloiph Lewissonn. 1,500
"The Sarnold. 425
"Twing the Falcons." V. P. Hugger. Let. The Old Old Story." Firmin-Grand, C. M.

Atkins The Croquet Party," F. H. Kasmanerer, M. E. Bernheimer
The Game of Cards, "A. A. Lesrel; G. W.
Kavenagh.
The Tollet," E. A. Piot, George Thompson.
The Abbum," R. De Madraz.

RIVERUGAD, L. I., Feb. 14.—Charles Blank. 50 years old, died in the county jall in this place last night. Several months ago while place last night. Several months ago while off on a spreache fired into a crowd of boys, wounding one of them. He was in the employ of County Judge Reeve as coachman. Blank felt his position keenly and when arraigned before his former employer he pleaded guitty and was sentenced to five months' imprisonment. As the boy whom he shot was only slightly wounded Blank hoped that his term of imprisonment would be cut short by a pardon. As he did not get his liberty at the recent term of court his spirits gave way and he brooded over his plagh. Warden Bafferd said this morning that Blank felt his disgrace keenly and in his opinion, which of a broken heart.

NEWPORT NEWS, Va. Peb. 14.-William J. a saloon in Pheebus for several months, was a sacond description of the wife, whom he married in Camden, N. J., six months ago. He is 30 years old; she was 70 and rich. When the woman's body was examined by physicians, a pinhole was found through the heart. Garland denies the

Children Protected



Coughs, Colds and Croup The little ones do not need to be coaxed

HYOMEI. It is no bother or care, and they soon become

aware of the fact that with the little inhaler in their possession they are insured against Coughs, Colds, Croup and all infectious diseases. If fathers and mothers will protect their children against these, catarrh and consumption will soon become unknown. has been for months NO DOUBT WHATEVER in the minds of medical men as | Garland of Philadelphia, who has been running to the efficacy of "HYOMEI" in the treatment of Coughs, Colds, Catarrh, Catarrhal Deafness, Bronchitis and Consumption, and now the United States Health Reports

"HYOMEI" CURES BY INHALATION.

for 1899, published January 5th, state positively that the great reduction in the death rate from respiratory diseases is due to the use of Hyomei alone.

It is Nature's own remedy, taken in the air you breathe. There is no danger, no risk. Your money is refunded it it falls to relieve.

"Hyome!" Inhair Outit, \$1.00. Extra bottles "Hyomei," 50c. Can be obtained of your druggist, OR BY MAIL. Pamphlets, consultation and advice free. Bend for the Story of "Hyomei." Mailed free.

THE R. T. BOOTH CO., Ithaca, N. Y.